Questions I Wished I'd Asked: Cervical Cancer (CC) Survivors' Perceptions About Provider Education on the Impact of Treatment on Sexual Health Gail Petersen Hock, DNP, APRN, PHCNS-BC¹ and Blair Coe Schweiger, PhD - student ^{1,2}

INTRODUCTION

- 14,100 U.S. women diagnosed with CC annually
- Patient oncology provider communication focuses on combating disease
- CC survivors report the topic of sex is not introduced
- CC survivors feel providers should routinely ask about sexual health

PURPOSE

• Collect the experiences of CC survivors related to the information they received about how their diagnosis & treatment may impact sexual health

METHODOLOGY – ELECTRONIC SURVEY

Independent Variables

- **Respondent demographics**
- Provider demographics

Dependent Variables

- Modified BETTER model as questionnaire
- Additional question fertility preservation
- Social/Cultural Impact of diagnosis
- Any unanswered questions

Sample of Convenience

- CC survivors (n=89)
- Snowball sampling through NCCC Chapters

Descriptive Analysis

• Stata software v.13

Cervical Cancer Patients Want to Know How Treatment Options Will Impact Their Sexual Health







This poster honors the memory of Dr. Kathryn Coe, PhD who was not just our mentor, but who also supported this research project.



RESULTS **Statistical Significance**

Clinical Significance

Education Level High School Some College Associates **Undergraduate De** Some Graduate Sc Master's Degree **Doctoral Degree** Total

Healthcare Provider Gender and offer of Information on Preserving Fertility (n=48)

Provider Gender Female Male Total

• Did provider explain that you could discuss any concern during treatment? – Association 57% of those who answered "no" were at lower end of educational level while 43% of those with a bachelors or higher answered "no" (p = .0433)

• Was gender of health care provider associated with offer of information on fertility preservation? – Female providers were 31% more likely to offer information on treatment option and fertility. Association with provider gender (p = .0211). Relationship to provider gender likelihood (p < .05).

Majority of respondents reported that **no information** was discussed on 1) quality of life related to sexuality, 2) resources to address sexual concerns, 3) asking about sexual health during treatment, 4) how side effects would impact sex & 5) fertility preservation.

Educational Level and Explanation of Concerns (n=78)

	Talk About Any Concerns		Total
	Yes n(%)	No n(%)	n(%)
	9 (15.79)	6 (28.57)	15 (19.23)
	24 (42.11)	6 (28.57)	30 (38.46)
	5 (8.77)	0	5 (6.41)
egree	9 (15.79)	2 (9.52)	11 (14.10)
chool	3 (5.26)	2 (9.52)	5 (6.41)
	7 (12.28)	2 (9.52)	9 (11.54)
	0	3 (14.29)	3 (3.85)
	57 (100)	21(100)	78 (100)

Information on Fe	Information on Fertility Preservation	
Yes n(%)	No n(%)	n(%)
8 (61.54)	9 (25.571)	17 (100)
5 (38.46)	26 (74.29)	31(100)
 13 (100)	35 (100)	48 (100)

Note: $\chi^2 = 5.31, p = .0211$

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